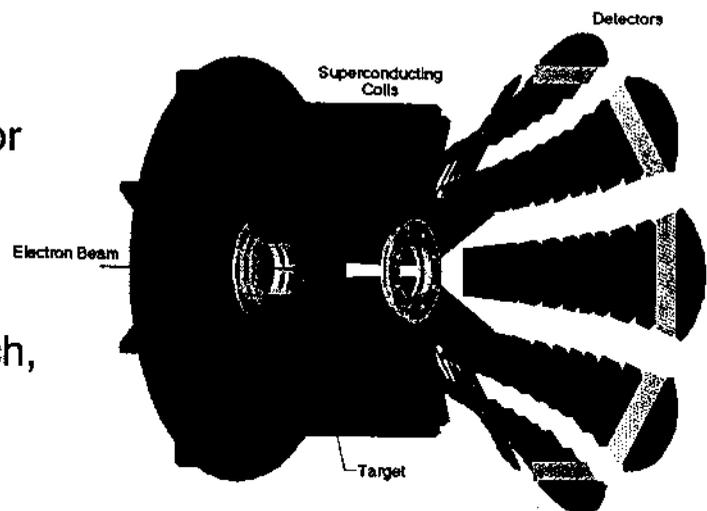


# G0 Experiment

Caltech, Carnegie-Mellon, W&M, Hampton, IPN-Orsay, ISN-Grenoble, Kentucky, La. Tech, NMSU, JLab, TRIUMF, UConn, UIUC, UMan, UMd, UMass, UNBC, VPI, Yerevan

- Determine contributions of strange quarks to charge and magnetization distributions of the nucleon
  - measure asymmetries at forward and backward angles
  - detect protons for forward angle measurement
  - detect electrons for backward angle measurement
- $G_E^s, G_M^s$  to few percent of  $G_{dipole}$  for  $0.1 \leq Q^2 \leq 1.0 \text{ GeV}^2$
- working to develop deuterium measurement to map out effective  $G_A^Z(Q^2)$  - related to nucleon anapole moment
- also measure inelastic transition form factor  $G_A^{N\Delta}$
- Dedicated apparatus (Hall C)
  - superconducting spectrometer system (UIUC)
  - 20 cm  $\text{LH}_2$  target (Caltech/UMd)
  - highly segmented detector system (UMd, et al.; Grenoble/Orsay)
  - additional detectors for electron detection (LaTech, TRIUMF)
  - custom timing electronics (Carnegie-Mellon; Grenoble/Orsay)
  - polarized source (JLab, VPI)
  - infrastructure, beam monitoring (JLab)



# Low Energy Nucleon Structure: Point-like Quarks

- Measure  $G^{\gamma,p}, G^{Z,p}, G^{\gamma,n}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{- e.g. } G^{\gamma,p} &= \sum_j e_j^\gamma G^{j,p} \\
 &= \frac{2}{3} G^{u,p} - \frac{1}{3} (G^{d,p} + G^{s,p})
 \end{aligned}$$

where  $G^{j,p}$  are the contributions of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  flavor to the measured proton form factor

$$\text{-note: } \left. \begin{aligned} G^{u,p} &= G^{d,n} \\ G^{d,p} &= G^{u,n} \\ G^{s,p} &= G^{s,n} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{ isospin symmetry}$$

then

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_{E,M}^{u,p} &= (3 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) G_{E,M}^{p,\gamma} - 4 G_{E,M}^{p,Z} \\
 G_{E,M}^{d,p} &= (2 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) G_{E,M}^{p,\gamma} + G_{E,M}^{n,\gamma} - 4 G_{E,M}^{p,Z} \\
 G_{E,M}^{s,p} &= (1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W) G_{E,M}^{p,\gamma} - G_{E,M}^{n,\gamma} - 4 G_{E,M}^{p,Z}
 \end{aligned}$$

# Neutral Weak Current from PV Electron Scattering

- $G^{Z,p}$  contributes to electron scattering

$$\sigma \propto |M^\gamma + M^Z|^2$$

- interference term: **large**  $M^\gamma$  x small  $M^Z$

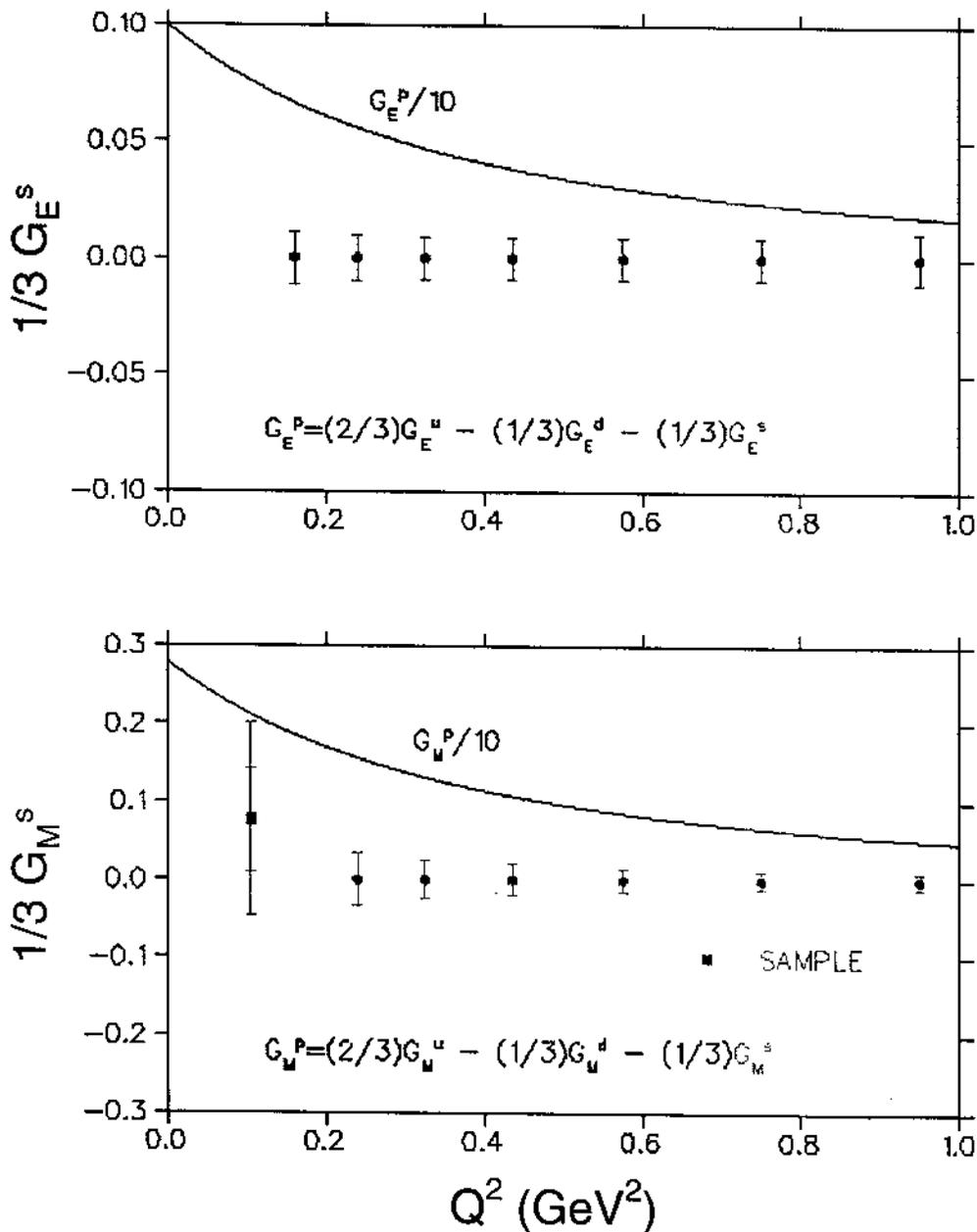
- interference term violates parity: use  $(\vec{e}, e')$

$$A^{PV} \equiv \frac{\sigma_+ - \sigma_-}{\sigma_+ + \sigma_-}$$
$$\propto \frac{A_E + A_M + A_A}{2\sigma_{unp}}$$

where

$$A_E = \varepsilon(\theta) G_E^\gamma G_E^Z$$
$$A_M = \tau G_M^\gamma G_M^Z$$
$$A_A = -\left(1 - 4 \sin^2 \theta_W\right) \varepsilon'(\theta) G_M^\gamma G_A^Z$$

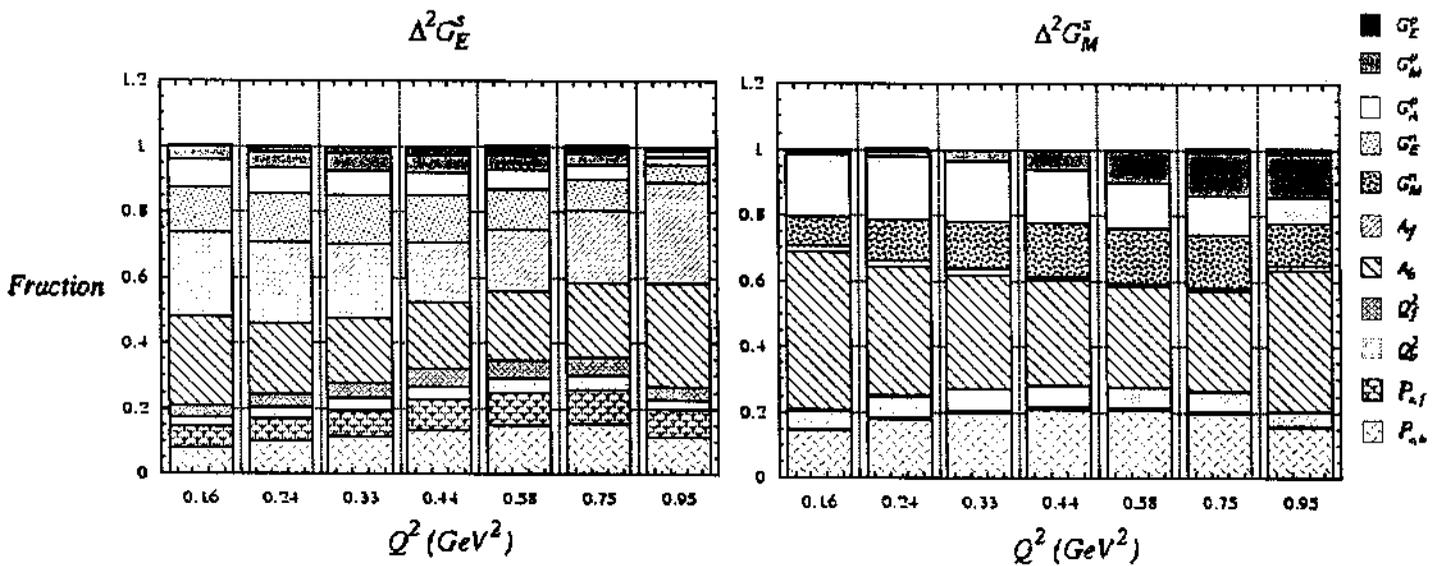
# G0 Experiment Expected Results



- measurements of s quark contribution to  $G_E$ ,  $G_M$  to a few % over range of  $Q^2$ 
  - uncertainties shown include statistical, systematic
  - based on HAPPEX measurements, false asymmetries expected to be very small

# Optimized Uncertainties

- Running time is optimized to provide balance of statistical and systematic uncertainties
  - statistical and systematic uncertainties typically  $\sim 3 - 5 \%$
- False asymmetries small
  - false asymmetries from helicity-correlated beam parameters expected  $\sim \text{few} \times 10^{-8}$ 
    - uncertainty then expected to be  $< 10^{-8}$
    - smallest measured asymmetry  $\sim 2 \times 10^{-6}$



Individual Uncertainties:

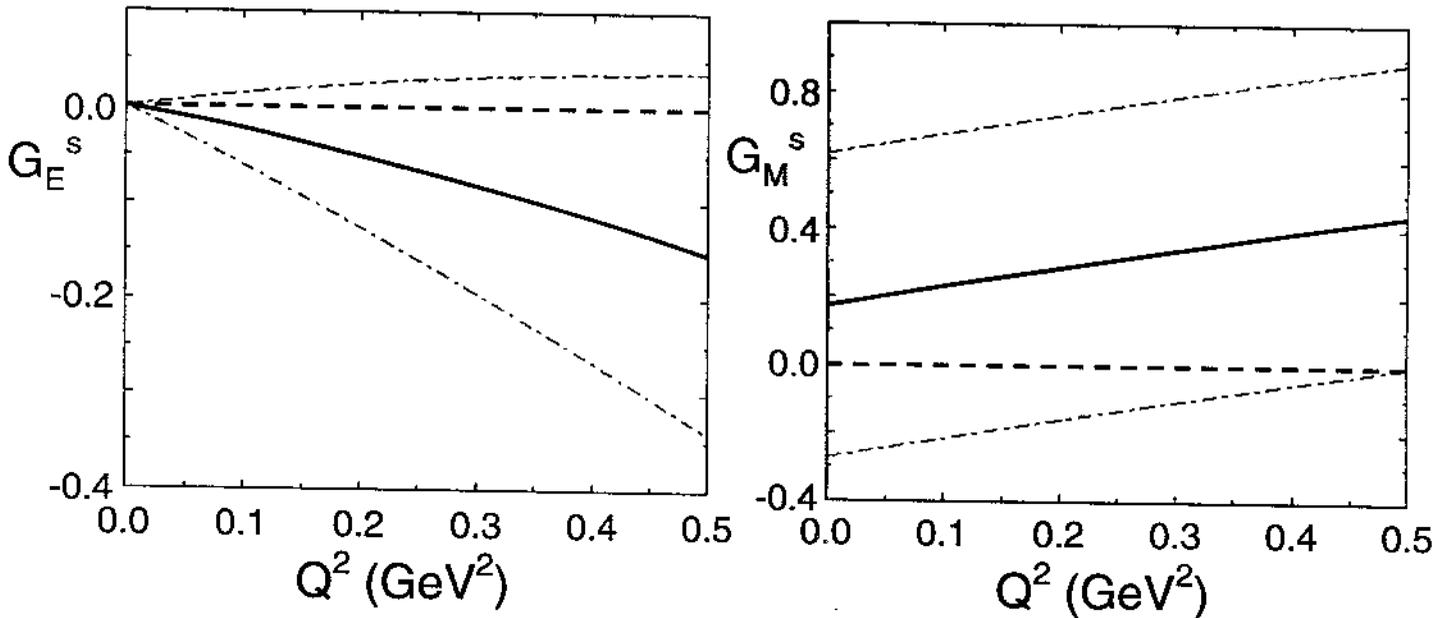
$$\frac{\Delta G_E^s}{G_E^s} = 2\% \quad \frac{\Delta G_M^s}{G_M^s} = 2\% \quad \frac{\Delta G_A^s}{G_A^s} = 10\% \quad \frac{\Delta P_e}{P_e} = 2\% \quad T = 700 \text{ h}$$

$$\frac{\Delta \sigma_T^s}{\sigma_T^s} = 20\% \quad \frac{\Delta \sigma_M^s}{\sigma_M^s} = 3\% \quad \frac{\Delta Q^2}{Q^2} = 1\% \quad P_e = 70\%$$

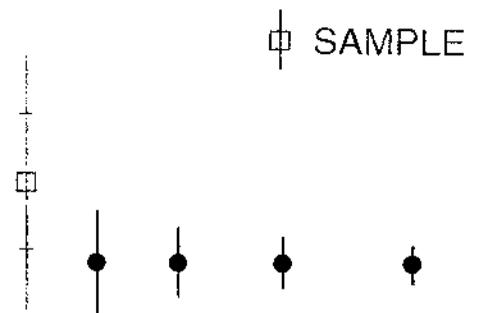
# Recent Theory

e.g. Hemmert, Kubis & Meissner

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- Use SAMPLE and HAPPEX input
  - $G_M^s(Q^2=0.1 \text{ GeV}^2) = 0.23$
  - $G_E^s + 0.39 G_M^s(Q^2=0.5 \text{ GeV}^2) = 0.023$ 
    - fix 2 (of 6) low energy constants
- Predict large values of individual form factors



- easily visible in G0 experiment

# G0 Experiment False Asymmetries

- measured asymmetries corrected for measured *helicity-correlated* beam parameter effects

$$A_{corr} = A_{meas} - \sum_{i=beam\ parameters} \frac{d \ln Y}{dx_i} \Delta x_i$$

- main *helicity-correlated* effects from beam motion, beam energy changes

- HAPPEX results (strained GaAs cathode)

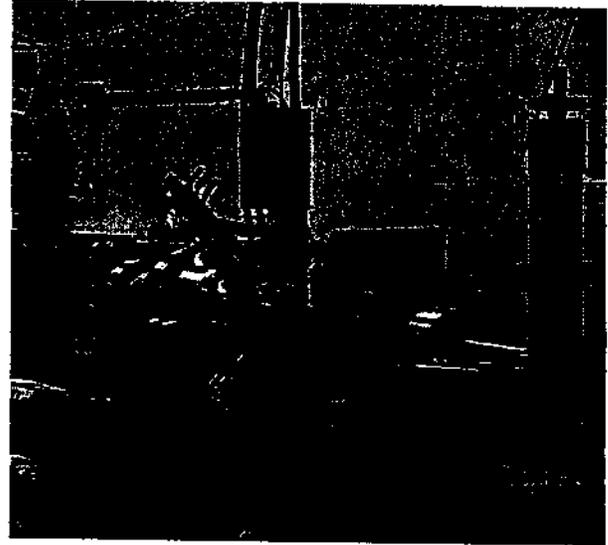
$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Delta x \sim 10 \text{ nm} \\ \Delta E/E < 10^{-8} \end{array} \right\} A_{false} \sim 10^{-8} \text{ in G0 experiment}$$

- non-linearity in dead-time correction

- dead-time < 10%
- HAPPEX results (strained GaAs cathode)
  - $\Delta Q/Q < 5 \text{ ppm}$
- must know dead-time at ~ 0.2% level (2% relative measurement)
  - careful dead-time measurement in hardware

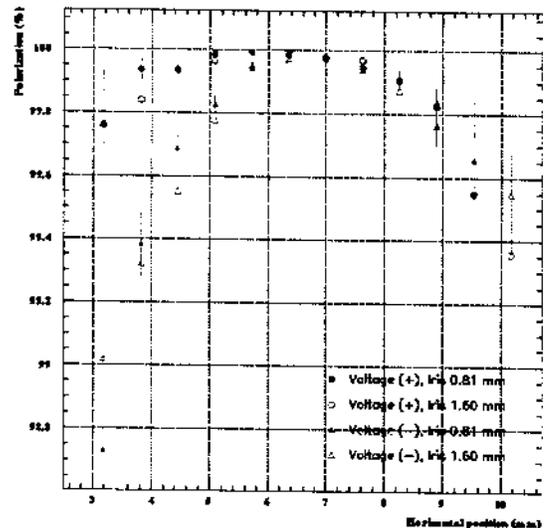
# Polarized Injector Status for G0 (1)

- Pulsed operation
  - 40  $\mu\text{A}$  average current
  - 32 ns spacing between beam pulses (31.25 MHz)
  - higher bunch charge → care with space charge in injector
  - first test with G0 bunch charge this month



- High polarization operation
  - need to minimize helicity-correlated effects in beam
  - strained cathodes have more serious helicity-correlated effects
  - with careful setup, feedback, correlations have been reduced to near bulk GaAs performance (HAPPEX)

$$\frac{Q_+ - Q_-}{Q_+ + Q_-} \sim 1 \text{ ppm}, \quad x_+ - x_- \sim nm$$



- 5 MeV test and monitoring section
  - complete “parity-violation” diagnostics

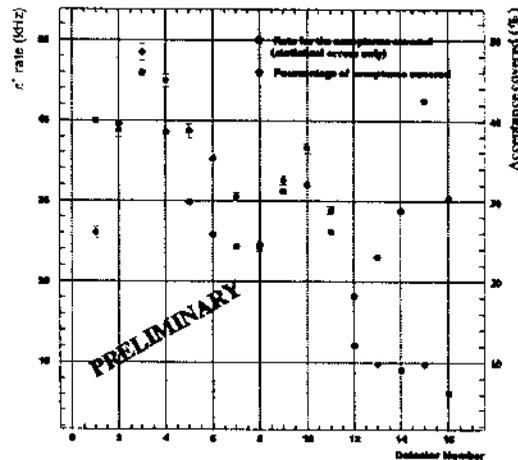
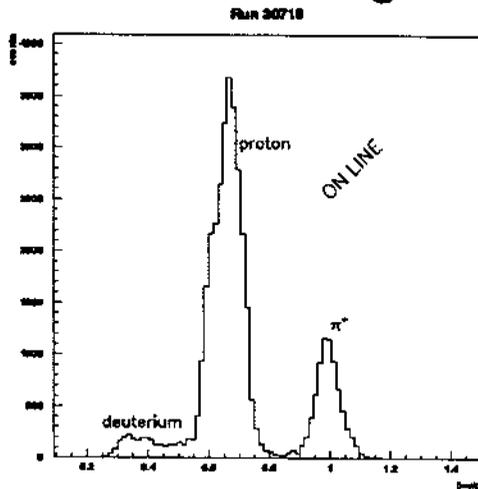
# Polarized Injector Status for G0 (2)

- Polarized source testing
  - fully instrumented 5 MeV region
  - plan continued short periods of testing for
    - new 32 ns bunch period (mode-locked) laser system
    - transport of high bunch charge beam in injector
    - helicity-correlated charge asymmetries and position differences
  - January 00 tests
    - ✓ 1/2 G0 bunch charge successfully transported with standard focussing (499 MHz)
    - ✓ cathode performance good (saturation, pol'n)
    - ✓ Hall C leakage into other beams 0.1% (as usual)
    - ✓ order pump laser for 32 ns bunch structure
    - ✓ see detailed report by C. Sinclair
  - do not anticipate any dedicated polarized source commissioning during 'G0 commissioning' time
- Impact of pulsed polarized source operation on running in other halls
  - testing to continue, but
  - expect no impact on running in Hall B
  - expect up to 100  $\mu$ A polarized running in Hall A
  - do not expect leakage beam of  $\sim 50$  pA @ 499 MHz from other Halls to adversely effect G0

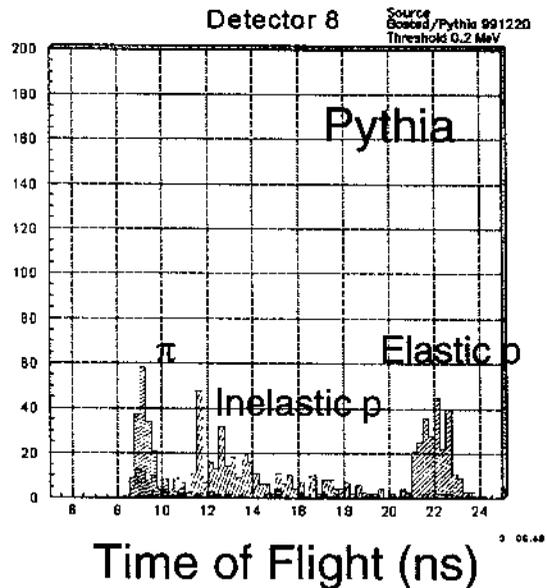
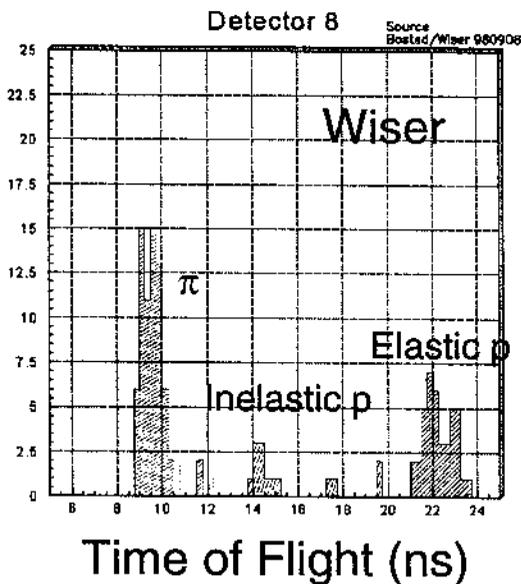
# G0 Background Test Measurement

(Dec 99)

- Measurement of  $\pi/p$  ratio with SOS for  $\sim$  forward angle kinematics (3.2 GeV)



- GEANT simulations



- Measurement of neutron backgrounds
  - unfold neutron energy distribution over eV - MeV range (with specialists from TRIUMF)
  - so far, numbers roughly consistent with JLab estimates (RadCon group)

# JLab TAC Questions (1)

## Theoretical

### 1. Uncertainties from form factors & other systematic uncertainties?

- neutron form factors expectations holding
- ordinary radiative corrections
  - corrections for forward and backward estimated at 10%
  - each correction known to about 10% of its value

## Technical

### 1. Data-taking during commissioning time?

- 46 days commissioning time re-approved by PAC15
  - includes 15 d for test asymmetry running:
    - 5 d in commissioning Run 1
    - 10 d in (final) commissioning Run 2
  - we will “return” any days of good data-taking during commissioning period

# JLab TAC Questions (2)

## Technical

### 2a. Polarized injector development

(M. Pitt et al. VPI)

- testing of high bunch charge beam has begun
  - plan series of tests using 5 MeV beamline (after new mode-locked laser)
- improvement of strained cathode performance continuing - good enough to run

### 2b. Why 34 days at ~70% polarization?

- all expected results quoted since TDR (93) assume 70% polarization
  - 'best experiment' projection
  - give approximate balance between statistical and all systematic uncertainties
- one month data-taking
- 4 days setup (assuming experiment rolled out after commissioning)

# JLab TAC Questions (3)

## Technical

### 3. False asymmetries from backgrounds

- measure background asymmetry concurrently
  - forward: out-of-time bins
  - backward: “non-elastic” detector pairs
- continuing detailed simulation of backgrounds using GEANT

### 4a. Commissioning electronics

- systems integration/testing begins this summer for North American octants with detectors and electronics coupled (source, gain monitoring pulser, cosmics)

### 4b. Estimated linearity?

- for helicity-correlated beam current asymmetry of 5 ppm, residual non-linearity of  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  will give false asymmetry of  $A_{\text{false}} = 10^{-8}$
- estimated residual non-linearity with dead-time monitoring scheme (‘buddy system’) is  $10^{-3}$
- HAPPEX non-linearity is few  $\times 10^{-3}$  (PMT’s)

# G0 Beam Time Request (PAC15)

- Request re-approval of 46 days of commissioning time approved in 1993
- Reaffirm high scientific rating

## Run 1:

Week 1



Week 2

Symmetry

2d



Week 3



## Run 2:

Week 1

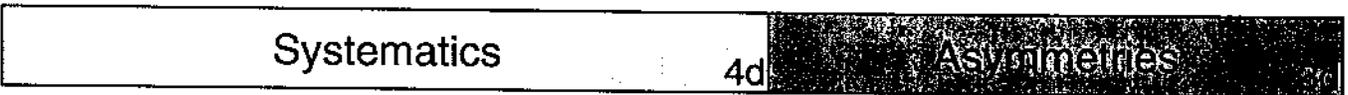


Week 2

Systematics

4d

Asymmetries



Week 3



# G0: Commissioning Milestones

## 1) Basic Equipment Checkout

## 2) Beam

- parameter measurements as planned in proposal
- polarization: ~ 70%
- current asymmetry (one run = 1 h): < 5 ppm
- position difference (one run): < 50 nm

## 3) Target

- fluctuations:  $\leq 0.1\%$  (i.e. small compared to statistics)

## 4) Magnet/target optics

- determine  $\Delta\Omega(\theta,p)$  in order to determine  $Q^2$  to 1%

## 5) Detection

- overall rates  $\leq$  expected rates (~ 2 MHz)

## 6) Corrections

- all slopes characterized, stable

## 7) Asymmetries

- 5 d of 'near production' asymmetry running

# Beam Time Request

- Request 4 d beam time for experiment setup after rollout
  - check operation in beam of target, detectors, electronics
  - check centering of beam, target in spectrometer
  - check response of spectrometer to beam properties
- Request 30 d beam time for forward angle physics run
  - measure all forward asymmetries for  $0.1 < Q^2 < 1 \text{ GeV}^2$
  - asymmetries measured to few % statistical precision
  - optimized to give equal statistical and systematic uncertainties

# G0 Overall Running Scenario

- Installation + Commissioning Run 1
  - June 01 - Nov 01
  - 2.8 - 3.0 GeV
- gap: experiment rolls out (other expts)?
- Commissioning Run 2
  - maybe Feb 02
  - 2.8 - 3.0 GeV
- gap: experiment rolls out (other expts)?
- Forward physics run
  - maybe continues after Run 2
  - 2.8 - 3.0 GeV
- gap: experiment rolls out (other expts)?
- Turnaround (~ 2 mo?)
- gap: experiment out (other expts)
- 1st back angle run (~ Jan 03?)
  - hydrogen and deuterium: ~ 30 d each
  - $330 < E < 930$  MeV